

THE ATTACKS ON SHEEHAN

MOST OF THEM ENGINEERED BY WM. J. CONNERS.

Who Frankly Tells His Intimates That He Is Getting Even—Other Attacks Come From a Bureau at Fishkill Landing Over Which M. M. Minton Presides.

ALBANY, Jan. 28.—Gov. Dix and Chairman Huppuch of the Democratic State committee left today for the Governor's country home at Thompson to pass Sunday. The Governor said before leaving: "I want to romp over the country fields to-morrow. The air up there is invigorating and I feel it will do me a lot of good. And I will get a rest from the whirl here."

Charles F. Murphy departed for New York, but all hands expected to return here to-morrow night or early Monday, and at noon on Monday the balloting for a United States Senator to succeed Mr. Depew is to be resumed. There were only 33 of the 201 members of the Legislature to stay over in Albany to-day to go through the perfunctory form of balloting for a United States Senator. For the first time since the insurgents began to attack the Democratic majority's choice of William F. Sheehan for Mr. Depew's seat they took a chance to-day and went to their homes, leaving only Senator Roosevelt and a handful of his followers on the ground.

The vote to-day is an immaterial part of the contest and shows no change in the situation. Mr. Sheehan got 9 of the 32 votes. Mr. Shepard 5, Mr. Kernan 4, Mr. Littleton 3, Mr. O'Brien and Mr. Van Santvoord each 2, Mr. Gerard, Mr. Parker and Mr. Glynn each 1 and Mr. Depew 1. Enough votes were paired to insure no unexpected changes in the situation and the insurgents felt that they could temporarily leave Albany. Thomas Mott Osborne, Gov. Dix's Forest, Fish and Game Commissioner, who has been ill, was well enough to-day to go to New York.

Both sides, regulars and insurgents, said to-day that in the heat of the controversy of the past two weeks and more many misleading statements have been made. Both regulars and insurgents, for instance, called attention to-day to what they termed the slightest talk of coercion in the distribution of the legislative patronage.

The sole instance of anything that had the remotest appearance of coercion, it was recited, was in the appointment of Senator Roosevelt's candidate for clerk of the Forest, Fish and Game Committee, Roosevelt recommended for this clerkship Morgan Hoyt, a brother of Assemblyman Ferdinand A. Hoyt of Dutchess county, a brother insurgent. Oakleigh Wigg of Hyde Park was appointed clerk of the committee, whereas Senator Roosevelt had recommended Wigg for another place. It was learned to-day that the change was made on the ground that Wigg was considered the more available man to push along the work of a committee in whose best efforts Gov. Dix and Thomas Mott Osborne, the Governor's Forest, Fish and Game Commissioner, are vitally interested.

Senator Big Jim Sullivan, familiar with legislative ways for a quarter of a century, has taken a great personal liking to Senator Roosevelt and has told him that the Republican opposition is picking him up for an innocent in the hope of inflaming him against the Democratic majority. Senator John C. Godfrey says, another insurgent, says he knows of no Senators being coerced or threatened because of the bitter contest over the Senatorship. Senator Grady, leader of the Democrats in the Senate for many years, said to-day: "Senator Roosevelt is a splendid young fellow. He was only hampered for a moment by my friend Mettenrich of the opposition; I mean that man Brackett of Saratoga Springs."

Most of the statements charging coercion, it was candidly admitted to-day, have come from anti-Sheehan sources and were propagated either because of personal dislike to Murphy or Sheehan or of the Democratic majority in the Legislature and the party in the State, or were due to disappointment over the failure of Edward M. Shepard's candidacy. The friends of other candidates for the Senatorship have also joined in the attacks on the majority. In these attacks on Mr. Sheehan neither Mr. Shepard, Gov. Dix, William Church Osborne, the Governor's legal adviser, nor Charles E. Treman, the Governor's State Superintendent of Public Works, has had a part.

Most of them have been engineered by William J. Connors, former chairman of the Democratic State committee, who frankly tells his intimates that he is getting even for Sheehan's part in the suggestion a little more than a year ago that a new State chairman was eminently desirable if the Democratic party of the State was to win in 1910. Connors later on gave place to John A. Dix, now Governor of the State.

Most of the other attacks on Sheehan have come from a bureau established some time ago at Fishkill Landing over which Maurice M. Minton presides. In 1910 Minton was the Tammany Assemblyman for the Twenty-third New York county district and served on the Military and Federal Relations committees. He was not re-nominated by Tammany. Mr. Minton in previous years had been employed to exploit Democratic candidates for office. In the present instance his literature is directed against Sheehan.

Mr. Minton has been in town recently. In his train are a number of Buffalo Democrats, including Senator William F. Mackey, who years ago was refused

nomination for office when Sheehan led the Buffalo Democrats. The Fishkill Landing bureau are known here as "Minton's cadets" and they hold morning and afternoon meetings at the Hotel Hampton, in which they encourage Senator Roosevelt and his friends to continue their defiant attitude to the will of the Democratic majority. All the Fishkill Landing literature is in the name of John T. Cronin, secretary, although Cronin is recognized by Mr. Cronin and his associates as the presiding genius of the establishment.

To-day there was handed out for circulation Bulletin No. 3 with this additional caption:

HEADQUARTERS LEAGUE OF INDEPENDENT DEMOCRATIC CLERKS.

FORMERLY CHAIRMAN OF CANNON CLUBS, FISHKILL-ON-THE-HUDSON.

JOHN T. CRONIN, Secretary.

Telephone, 429 Fishkill.

FISHKILL, LANDING, Jan. 26, 1911.

The first paragraph of the circular reads: "Since issue of Bulletin No. 1 and 2, dated respectively December 20, 1910, and January 12, 1911, sounding the alarm 'Beware the Caucus,' the people of the State of New York have been afforded a most interesting educational and inspiring object lesson in State politics. Independent members, not Minton's cadets, in several Senatorial and Assembly districts, have been arrayed in opposition to the most perfectly constructed political machine in the State."

Further along in the circular is the following:

"The caucus is the effective instrument of the political boss. It is a cornerstone of machine politics. It is an accepted, undisputed fact that Tammany controls the machine. In caucus Charles F. Murphy holds the handle of the steam roller. By holding the control Murphy can bring out of the caucus a candidate of his own selection and bid the party to vote for his candidate."

The Democratic legislators into whose hands the Fishkill Landing circulars fell pointed out that Mr. Cronin, who signs the circular, naively admits that on December 29 and January 12 it was decided to oppose the choice of the joint caucus of the Legislature which was held January 12.

"And why?" the circular proceeds to ask, and it answers its own question by saying because he, Murphy, says Mr. Murphy's friend Cran promised the United States Senatorship to Sheehan at Rochester convention."

The circular fails to state that it only has Mr. Cran's utterances as a foundation for its attitude, and Mr. Cran in his authorized newspaper interviews has admitted that he only spoke out against Murphy and Sheehan after he learned that his own capabilities as a United States Senator had been thoroughly canvassed and understood.

"Men do not live by bread alone," was the remark of Democrats when the Fishkill Landing literature was read and discussed.

It became authoritatively known to-night that steps have already been taken to ascertain the present supporters of the Fishkill Landing bureau. This information will be now easily obtainable, for the reason that several of these-called Minton cadets have been true talkers on occasions.

The Democratic leaders, though, and for that matter several of Gov. Dix's friends, believe that Senator Roosevelt and most of the insurgents through experience in political intrigue methods have been misled by designing persons, who for their present purposes and for the first time in their careers oppose the joint caucus candidate of a Democratic majority. Probably no more unfortunate or uncalculated for utterance has been made during the present controversy in any newspaper since this morning's edition of the insurgents to-day. That utterance was:

"The insurgent Democrats cannot vote for him (Sheehan) in any circumstances. Nobody would now believe that their support had been won except through corruption, and every man who surrendered to the Sheehan forces would be under public suspicion for the rest of his political life."

This statement made most of the insurgents hopping mad, as they looked upon it as a threat of future persecution should any venture to change their present attitude and eventually vote for Sheehan, the overwhelming candidate of the caucus majority. These insurgent folk here are looked upon as mighty independent citizens, so independent that they have been the first Democrats in the annals of the Democratic party in the State to defy the will of an overwhelming verdict expressed by a party caucus.

Senator Roosevelt and a number of his

friends in the insurgent camp say they have taken their present stand on the ground that a caucus is not a democratic principle. The Democratic leaders and their friends have endeavored by arguments and the marshalling of precedents to demonstrate that the attitude of Mr. Roosevelt and his friends is contrary to the precedents of the Democratic party in the State and nation from the birth of the party. They say further that Mr. Sheehan after his nomination for Mayor of New York City by Richard Croker in 1901 would have felt keenly a bolt against him, the candidate of the majority in the Democratic city convention, even though Mr. Sheehan in 1885 had bolted Croker for Mayor of Brooklyn and by running stump had elected Wurster, Republican. Why campaign has never been satisfactorily explained, in the estimation of important Democrats, for the reason that subsequently the voters of New York City elected Croker Comptroller on Mayorality tickets headed by Seth Low and George B. McClellan.

The Democratic leaders have then directed the attention of Mr. Roosevelt and his colleagues to the fact that Mr. Sheehan has been nominated here for United States Senator by a joint caucus in which ninety-one of 114 Democrats voted for him, or ten short of election, and that Senator Roosevelt and his twenty-two associates had no precedent, Democratic or Republican, as well as to the Democratic or Republican argument, whatever, for remaining out of the caucus and thus defeating the will of the vast majority of their party associates.

In the arguments and discussions of the Democratic leaders with Senator Roosevelt and his friends, coming down to personal grounds, it has been pointed out that they themselves only in October last were nominated for their present places in the Senate and Assembly by the same methods by which Sheehan was nominated here for United States Senator, by caucus or convention. The two are identical in the political world, and that in every instance in their own cases the minority accepted the will of the majority. The Democratic leaders then declare unreservedly that twenty-seven Democrats cannot beat eighty-seven Democrats, that no compromise candidate for United States Senator has been or will be considered and that William F. Sheehan is the first and only choice of the majority.

MURPHY STANDING PAT.

Said to Have the Governor With Him in Upholding Caucus Choice.

When Charles F. Murphy got here to-day after noon yesterday he had no information to give out. One of those who came down on the train with him said that he would probably see some of the leaders to-day. Norman E. Mack, who is in town, expects to talk with Mr. Murphy to-day and William F. Sheehan also has an appointment with him.

A man who spoke for Mr. Murphy said last night: "Mr. Murphy's attitude is the same as it always has been, and there has not been the slightest change. I can say for Mr. Murphy that he is not considering the withdrawal of the Tammany support from Sheehan and that he will not consider any suggestion of a compromise candidate. Mr. Murphy is taking this stand on the ground that Sheehan was the choice of the caucus and if only for the sake of regularity he will not go back from the position he has taken. I know from what I heard in Albany that Gov. Dix is of the opinion that Mr. Murphy is right in holding that the party should be bound by the caucus."

This man said that even to bring about the election of Mr. Sheehan Mr. Murphy will not move a finger to bring about a dicker with the Republicans, and that Mr. Murphy had no doubt of being able to win over eventually enough of the insurgent votes to elect Mr. Sheehan.

William J. Connors, the former chairman of the Democratic State committee, passed through the city yesterday on his way to Palm Beach, Fla. He asked why he was going away he replied: "I'm going because I'm disgusted with the whole thing. If the party leaders can't get together now it doesn't look good for the prospects of the party next year. Anyway I'm through and I'm going down to Florida for a couple of months. Maybe the trouble will be settled by the time I get back, but there's no telling."

Blow Against Locomotive and Killed.

BINGHAMTON, Jan. 28.—William Voegel, 72 years old, was blown by high wind against the engine of a rapidly moving Delaware and Hudson train at a crossing here to-day and instantly killed.

THREE MORE OPIUM RAIDS

30 CANS OF IT IN ONE SHOP, BUT NO MEN.

Two Chinamen Caught—One Place Was on 133d Street, Another on Seventh Avenue, the Third in the Tenderloin. \$4000 Worth of Drug in Two Shops.

The hunt for opium sellers begun by the Gaston House officials went on yesterday. Three raids were made on places where opium was being sold and two Chinamen were arrested.

Inspectors of customs armed with warrants from Commissioner Shields went around first to the tea shop at 200 West Twenty-eighth street, where Wah Lee is written upon the window. The raiders, twenty in all, were headed by Inspector Walter P. Murphy and they secreted themselves in the little stores near the tea shop and in the alley in the rear and waited until Murphy gave the signal. The tea shop is above a chop suey place and as soon as the men who had been hiding there heard Murphy's signal they piled upstairs followed by their comrades and broke in Wah Lee's door with an ax.

The twenty tumbled into an empty room, but there was another locked door that led into a room in the rear, and at this went the man with the ax. He cut his way into a room that contained one shivery Chinaman and no more.

The prisoner was Chin Chow, who lives in the place which is supposed to be owned by Wah Lee. The inspectors found in the front room hidden under a hat ton of coal twenty-five large cans of opium. Murphy says that since the raid on the stuff has begun the price of opium has doubled and that the cans are worth about \$12 a piece.

While Chin Chow was being taken to the station house twelve of the raiders hopped aboard a car and went up to 588 Seventh avenue, where there is a little dingy shop that lays claim to being the tea store of Chong, Chinese importer, according to the sign in the window. This place was surrounded and again the ax flashed.

The front room of the shop, which was empty, opened out into another room, in which were four double decked bunks and little tables for the opium layouts. Behind this room was still another and here the raiders stumbled upon fifty cans of opium. But there was not a Chinaman in the place. Evidently they had scented the trouble downtown. Further search of the "importers' place discovered a splendid collection of layouts which were added to those taken in the Twenty-eighth street house, where forty in all were found.

While these things were going on downtown in Harlem at 2 East 133d street the team of Sing Lee was raided and Sing was made a prisoner because they found more opium in his place.

ST. ANDREW'S 200TH YEAR.

Staten Island Church to Dedicate Queen Anne Memorial.

A memorial to Queen Anne of England will be dedicated to-day at St. Andrew's Episcopal Church at Richmond, Staten Island. It consists of three small tablets in bronze on a marble background surmounted by the American and British flags. The tablets are respectively in memory of Queen Anne, of the first rector of the church, the Rev. Aeneas Mackenzie, and of the fourteen other rectors who have served the church in the 200 years of its existence. The ceremony will be performed by the Suffragan Bishop of New York and the Rev. Dr. Charles Burch, and the Archdeacon of New York, the Rev. George F. Nelson, will deliver the address.

The memorial commemorates the 200th anniversary of the establishment of St. Andrew's Church. Queen Anne gave the lands for the establishment of the church and presented the congregation with a silver communion service and a pulpit cover. These are still in use, though the original church building was destroyed by American soldiers during the Revolutionary war.

St. Andrew's Church is one of the few American churches that have a permanent endowment. The lands granted by Queen Anne have so appreciated in value that they now bring in a large revenue. On this account the church is often referred to as the Church of the Golden Rectory.

NEW YEAR IN CHINATOWN.

Confucius Was Born 2,462 Years Ago Dinner Starts the Celebration.

It is 2,462 years to-day since the birth of Confucius and Chinatown has on its holiday decorations in celebration of the new year. The observance of the new year began at 7 o'clock last night in the banquet hall of the Chinese Tuxedo. There the International Society of the Orient and Occident seized the occasion for the first of six monthly Oriental banquets.

There were over 100 at the dinner, representing Persia, Assyria, Greece, Bohemia, China, Japan, Italy, Arabia and the United States, several of them in native costume. President Ex. Tehor Bi Oghi in a full Turkish costume was toastmaster.

Charley White Seriously Ill in Albany.

ALBANY, Jan. 28.—Charley White, sergeant-at-arms of Tammany Hall, is seriously ill at the Hotel Ten Eyck here. Mr. White had an attack of indigestion a few days ago, and although he tried to fight it off was compelled to take to his bed. To-day Dr. Samuel B. Ward was called to attend Mr. White and it is feared he will have to undergo an operation for appendicitis.

B. Altman & Co.

5TH AVENUE, 34TH AND 35TH STREETS, NEW YORK

UPHOLSTERY MATERIALS, LIGHT-WEIGHT DRAPERY FABRICS, LACE CURTAINS AND RUGS FOR THE SPRING AND SUMMER FURNISHING OF TOWN AND COUNTRY RESIDENCES, HOTELS, CLUBS, ETC.

SPECIAL ATTENTION IS GIVEN TO THE ENTIRE OR PARTIAL FURNISHING OF HOUSES, AND ESTIMATES AND SKETCHES WILL BE SUBMITTED ON REQUEST.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH CRETONNES ARE NOW SHOWN IN NEW AND DESIRABLE PATTERNS AND COLORINGS, AS WELL AS VARIOUS LIGHT-WEIGHT UPHOLSTERY FABRICS, SUITABLE FOR THE APPROACHING SEASONS.

ORIENTAL AND DOMESTIC RUGS IN STOCK OR PROCURED ON ORDER IN ANY SIZE OR DESIGN.

ORIENTAL RUGS

B. Altman & Co. HAVE A SELECT NUMBER OF INDIVIDUAL PIECES IN SPECIAL SIZE RUGS WHICH ARE MARKED AT VERY MODERATE PRICES, AMONG THEM FINE PERSIAN AND TURKISH FLOOR COVERINGS, CHINESE AND EUROPEAN RUGS, AND HIGH-GRADE AMERICAN RUGS.

PREPARATIONS ARE BEING MADE FOR A SPECIAL SALE OF RUGS TO BE HELD IN A FEW DAYS.

Sale of Winter Boots

Our Sales are a semi-annual event. Men and Women who know our footwear are quick to see their advantages and respond.

Button and Lace Boots and Low Cut Shoes

FRANK BROTHERS

20% Discount



Fifth Avenue Boot Shop, Fifth Avenue, Between 26th and 27th Sts.

B. Altman & Co.

5TH AVENUE, 34TH AND 35TH STREETS, NEW YORK

A SALE OF WOMEN'S DOMESTIC UNDERWEAR AT UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES

TUESDAY, JAN. 31ST, A VERY SPECIAL SALE

WILL BE HELD CONSISTING OF ESPECIALLY PREPARED STYLES IN NIGHT ROBES, COMBINATION GARMENTS, DRAWERS, PETTICOATS, CHEMISES AND CORSET COVERS.

DRESSMAKING & MADE-UP SUIT DEPARTMENT

TAILOR-MADE SUITS AND DRESSES MADE TO ORDER FOR WHICH NEW SPRING MODELS, MATERIALS AND DESIGNS ARE SHOWN, FOR AFTERNOON, STREET OR EVENING WEAR, AT PRICES RANGING FROM \$68.00 AND UPWARD

A NUMBER OF WOMEN'S MADE-UP DRESSES AND SUITS, FOR AFTERNOON, EVENING AND THEATRE WEAR, ARE BEING OFFERED AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

AN UNUSUAL OFFERING OF DRESS SILKS FOR MONDAY, JAN. 30TH

WILL COMPRISE SEVERAL THOUSAND YARDS OF FOULARDS, NOVELTY CHIFFONS AND MARQUISETTES, EVENING SILKS, BLACK SILKS, SOFT DRESS SATINS, MESSALINE AND CACHEMIRE DE SOIE, AT REMARKABLY LOW PRICES; INCLUDED ARE

CHANGEABLE DRESS SATINS & CREPE METEOR, WIDE WIDTH PER YARD, \$1.55
DRESS POPLINS, WIDE WIDTH PER YARD, \$1.35
ALL-SILK MARQUISETTE, WIDE WIDTH, PER YD., 90c.
NEW FOULARDS, 24 INCHES WIDE, PER YARD, 78c.

WHITE SILKS AND MESSALINE IN EVENING SHADES, NOVELTY CHIFFONS AND GLACE TAFFETAS, 58c. PER YARD

ARRANGED IN DRESS LENGTHS

B. Altman & Co. HAVE GIVEN MORE THAN USUAL ATTENTION TO THEIR BOYS' CLOTHING DEPARTMENT. THEY ARE NOW SHOWING THE ADVANCE STYLES FOR SPRING, INCLUDING IMPORTED MODELS, AND ARE PREPARED TO TAKE ORDERS FOR COMPLETE OUTFITS.

THE REMAINDER OF THIS SEASON'S STOCK OF BOYS' RUSSIAN COATS IN 2½, 3 AND 4 YEAR SIZES, HAS NOW BEEN MARKED AT THE GREATLY REDUCED PRICES OF

\$2.75, \$4.35 & \$5.90

ROUGH SILK AND COTTON SHANTUNG AT 29c. PER YARD

TO-MORROW (MONDAY), 15,000 YARDS OF A ROUGH SILK AND COTTON SHANTUNG, IN BLACK, NATURAL AND COLORS, WILL BE ON SALE AT THE ABOVE, WHICH IS MUCH BELOW THE USUAL PRICE.

A SALE OF WHITE EMBROIDERIES

IN MATCHED SETS

WILL TAKE PLACE TO-MORROW (MONDAY), WHEN FLOUNCES, EDGES AND GALLOONS, IMPORTED TO SELL AT 75c. TO \$5.50 PER YARD, WILL BE OFFERED

AT 35c., 68c., 85c., 1.50 TO \$4.50 PER YARD

IN THE MERINO UNDERWEAR DEPT. THE FOLLOWING ITEMS WILL BE OFFERED AT SPECIAL PRICES, MONDAY:

WOMEN'S SWISS RIBBED VESTS . . . AT 50c. & 90c.
WOMEN'S ITALIAN SILK VESTS, EMBROIDERED . . . AT \$2.25
WOMEN'S ALBATROSS PETTICOATS . . . AT 1.90
WOMEN'S COAT SWEATERS . . . AT 3.50
MISSIES' AND CHILDREN'S COAT SWEATERS . . . AT 1.75

ANNUAL SALE

C. G. Gunther's Sons

Established 1820

FURS AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES IMPORTED MODELS

Long and Medium Coats, Muffs and Neckpieces. All the desirable furs. Also models of our own design. Men's Fur Coats, for Evening and Street wear. Automobile Coats, Caps and Gloves. Robes and Animal Rugs.

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